

#### Ruprecht Langer

German Music Archive of the German National Library

# The Collection Mandate of the German Music Archive of the German National Library

Backgrounds, Challenges, Solutions





#### Structure

- 1. Legal Mandate / Collecting policy
- 2. Non-physical music publications
- 3. Below radar level
- 4. Foreign acquisitions
- 5. Major labels
- 6. Parallel publications



# 1. Legal Mandate / Collecting policy

- 2. Non-physical music publications
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#### Legal mandate

#### From the Law regarding the German National Library:

"... to collect, inventory, index and bibliographically record, permanently preserve and make available to the general public everything that has been published in **writing**, **image and sound in Germany since 1913**."



#### Legal mandate

Law regarding the German National Library

Legal Deposit Regulation

Collecting guidelines / explanatory notes (internal)



#### The collection of the German Music Archive

- ~ 1 m items of sheet music
- ~ 2,5 m sound carriers
  - 1,4 m Audio CDs
  - 400.000 vinyls
  - 200.000 shellacs (78s)
    and wax cylinders
  - 50.000 music cassettes



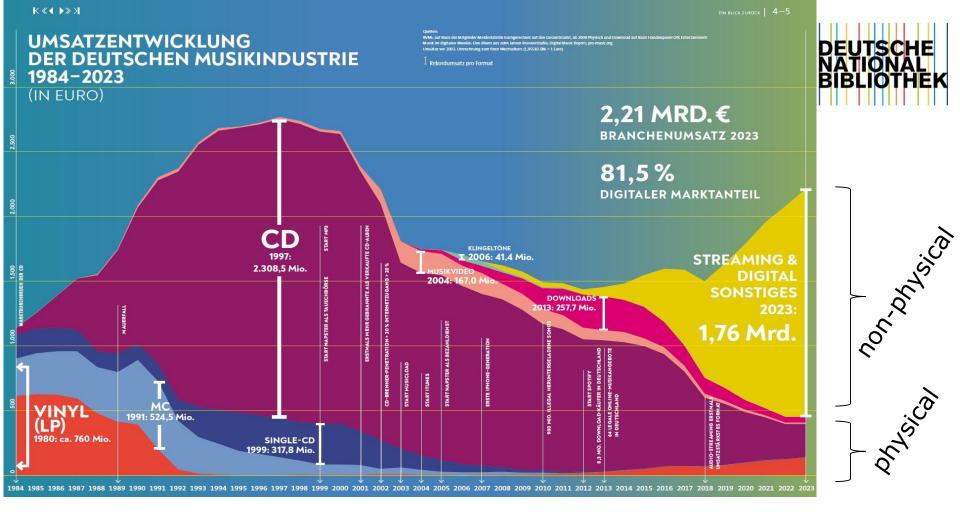


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# Non-physical music publications

- Streaming: ~80 % of sales in Germany (BVMI)
- "Published in Germany": should everybody collect everything?
- Metadata and metadata transport (DDEX)
- Hard to grasp: Self-publishing via Soundcloud e.a.
- Originals and versions



Bundesverband Musikindustrie (BVMI - German Music Industry Association), Musikindustrie in Zahlen 2023, p.4/5



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#### **Below radar level**

- What is the 100 per cent?
- Music publications without label
- Example case instrumental Jazz: German artists in Swizzerland



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#### Foreign acquisitions

- Germanica:
  - German-language media works and translations of German-language publications that are published abroad
  - Foreign-language media works published abroad that relate to Germany
- Acquisition via gift, purchase or exchange
- Foreign music acquisitions: Language as a criterion



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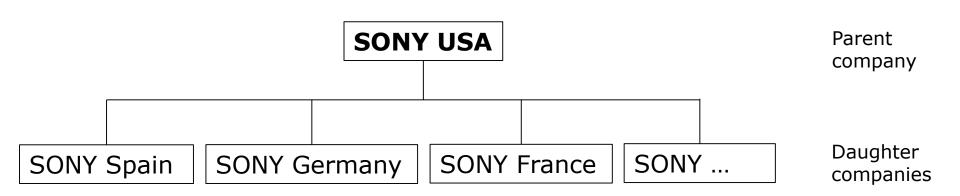


# **Majorlabels**

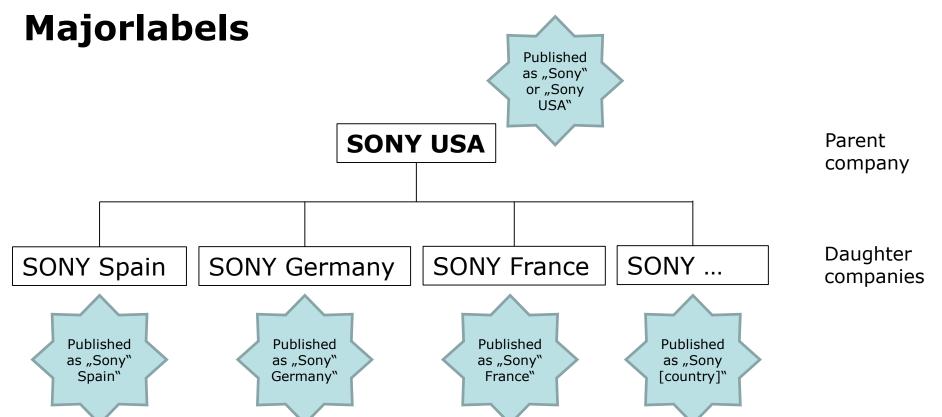
- Majors: SONY, BMG, Universal, Warner
- Registered office or place of business in Germany
- Parent companies outside of Germany
- Further offices (daughter companies) in other countries
- Should we collect daughters, parents or the entire family?



## **Majorlabels**









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## **Parallel publications**

- CD and audio file: easiest to be digitised (bit-level accuracy)
- Vinyl records: most durable
- But what about artwork? Booklets? Additional material?
- Same but different



# Thank you, that's all.

I am looking forward to your questions.

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